

NATO Consultation Command and Control (NC3) Organization: Overview and Current Issues

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NC30 Background



- NATO C3 Organization (NC3O) comprised of :
 - NC3 Board NC3B Substructure
 - Permanent Representatives NCSA
 - NC3A

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NATO C3 Board (NC3B)

- Senior C3 authority in NATO
 - Reports to the North Atlantic Council (NAC)
 - Composed of national reps (plus: SCs, NC3A, NCSA, ...)
 - C3 policy
 - Meets twice a year in Brussels
- Representatives conduct routine business
- Subordinate Structure:
 - Requirements
 - Interoperability
 - Frequency Management

- INFOSEC
- Info Systems
- Communication Networks
- Identificationn
- Navigation

NATO C3 Agency (NC3A)

- Acquisition and Integration agency for NATO
 - Central Planning
 - Engineering
 - Design
 - Integration
 - Technical Support
 - Configuration Control
- Customer Funded (Not Common Funded)
- Located in:
 - Brussels, Belgium
 - The Hague, Netherlands

NATO CIS Services Agency (NCSA)

- Newly formed from: NACOSA + local signal units
- Provides all services ... long-haul comms to Desktop service
- Operates networks
- Includes Information Assurance (INFOSEC)
- Currently developing Service Level Agreements (SLA) between NCSA and each NATO organization requiring CIS service

NC3B Current Issues

- NATO Network Enabled Capability (NNEC)
 - 10 nation funded: CA, FR, GE, IT, NL, NO, SP, TU, UK, US
 - Deliverables:
 - 1 NNEC design reference scenarios 6 months
 - Operational scenarios supports future budget decisions
 - 2 NNEC interoperability concepts 12 months
 - Identify needed information sharing capabilities
 - 3 NNEC enabling elements 15 months
 - Identify work areas outside the responsibilities of the NC30
 - 4 Final Report 18 months
 - Outcome will shape future NATO & National C3 capabilities
 A road map addressing further activity
 New C3 capabilities will be network-capable

 - Information sharing methods will be constructed

Implicatio

- Multilateral Interoperability Programme (MIP)
 - C2 interface and exchange mechanisms
 - Models information commanders need to exchange
 - Interface specification for exchange of battlespace information
 - Independent of host C2 application
 - Cooperative approach w/ NATO



- MIC nations already involved
- IF MIP baseline is implemented...
 - Unprecedented interoperability between nations' organic C2 systems

MIC Implicatio

- Cyber Defence & NATO Computer Incident Response Capability (NCIRC)
 - IOC 2Q 2004
 - Synchronizing TTPs with all the nations
 - Intrusion Detection System authorized
 - IOC 2Q 2005

- Critical capability for network defence
- ¹ National and Allied efforts must be synchronized

- NATO SHF & UHF SATCOM Capability
 - NATO Satellites at end of life
 - Bidding process continues
 - US
 - European Consortium
 - IOC Dec 04
- NATO EHF SATCOM Capability (new)
 - Bidding process continues
 - IOC 2007?



Will result in new SATCOM capabilities for NATO

- GPS/Galileo Report
 - 2002, NAC tasked NC3B:
 - "...to examine the interrelationship between GPS and Galileo RNSS systems in the context of NATO's military effectiveness and to inform the Council of its findings and recommendations"
 - Consensus very difficult
 - European Commission and United States agreement pending

MIC mplicatio

Overlay of one signal on top of another can impede Navigation Warfare capabilities

